

CHAPTER A-4

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CHAPTER A-4

MECHANICAL

4.1 GENERAL. This chapter provides the minimum requirements and guidance for preparation and development of the following design aspects: Heating, ventilating, air conditioning (including chilled water and dual-temperature water distribution systems), plumbing (including compressed air, fuel gas, and medical gas systems), fire suppression systems, central energy plants, and P.O.L. systems. Further guidance for these mechanical systems will be provided in the Specific Instructions, if required. Guidance for other mechanical systems will also be provided in the Specific Instructions.

4.2 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS. The most current editions of the publications listed below constitute an addendum to this chapter wherever referenced or applicable.

4.2.1 International Code Council, Inc.

ICC IBC International Building Code (Current Edition)

ICC IPC International Plumbing Code (Current Edition)

ICC IPC International Mechanical Code (Current Edition)

4.2.2 Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC)

1-300-07A Technical Requirements: Design-Build, 01-Mar-05

3-310-03A USACE Design: Seismic Design for Buildings, 01-Mar-05

3-400-01 USACE Design: Energy Conservation, 05-Jul-02

3-400-02 AirForce Engineering Weather Data, 28-Feb-03

3-410-01FA USACE Design: Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning, 15-May-03

3-410-02A USACE Design: Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) Control Systems, 15-May-03

3-410-03FA USACE Design: Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning of Hardened Installations, 15-May-03

3-420-01 NAVFAC Design: Plumbing Systems, 25-Oct-04

3-420-02FA USACE Design: Compressed Air, 15-May-03

3-430-01FA USACE Design: Heating and Cooling Distribution Systems, 25-Jul-03

3-430-02FA USACE Design: Central Steam Boiler Plants, 15-May-03

3-430-03 USACE Design: Air Pollution Control Systems for Boilers and Incinerators, 15-May-03

3-430-04FA USACE Design: High Temperature Water Heating Systems, 15-May-03

3-430-05FA USACE Design: Gas Distribution, 15-May-03

3-450-01 USACE Design: Noise and Vibration Control, 15-May-03

3-450-02 USACE Design: Power Plant Acoustics, 15-May-03

3-490-03FA USACE Design: High-Pressure Gas and Cryogenic Systems, 01-Mar-05

3-490-04A USACE Design: Indoor Radon Prevention and Mitigation, 15-May-03

3-600-01 NAVFAC Design: Fire Protection Engineering for Facilities, 17-Apr-03/16-Jan-04

3-710-01A USACE Design: Code 3 Design with Parametric Estimating, 01-Mar-05

4-010-01 USACE Design: DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings, 08-Oct-03

4-440-01A USACE Design: Storage Depots, 01-Mar-05

4.2.3 Technical Bulletins (TB)

TB MED 530, Occupational and Environmental Health Food Sanitation, 30-Oct-02

4.2.4 Department of the Army Technical Instructions (TI)

TI 800-01 Design Criteria, 20-July-98/16-Sep-05

TI 810-90 Elevator Systems, 03-Aug-98

4.2.5 Department of the Army Technical Manuals (TM).

TM 5-810-6 Nonindustrial Gas Piping Systems, April 1990

4.2.6 Air Force Manuals, Regulations, and Instructions.

AFM88-3 Chapter 13, Seismic Design for Buildings, 20-Oct-92

AFM88-8 Chapter 5, Nonindustrial Gas Piping Systems, 30-Apr-90

AFI32-1061 Providing Utilities to US Air Force Installations, 15-Mar-02

AFI32-1054 Corrosion Control, 01-Mar-00

- AFI32-1066 Plumbing Systems, 04-May-94
- AFI32-1067 Water Systems, 25-Mar-94
- AFI32-1068 Heating Systems and Unfired Pressure Vessels, 01-Oct-98
- AFI32-1069 Gas Supply and Distribution, 31-Mar-94
- AFI32-7040 Air Quality Compliance, 09-May-94
- AFI32-7041 Water Quality Compliance, 10-Dec-03
- AFI32-7044 Storage Tank Compliance, 13-Nov-03

4.2.7 Military Handbook.

- MIL-HDBK-1190 Military Handbook Facility Planning and Design Guide, 01-Sep-87

4.2.8 American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME).

- ASME B31.1 Power Piping, 01-Sep-04
- ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section I Power Boilers, 01-Sep-04
- ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IV Heating Boilers, 01-Sep-04
- ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII Pressure Vessels, Division 1, 01-Sep-04

4.2.9 Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute (ARI).

- ARI Std 210/240-2005 Unitary Air-Conditioning and Air-Source Heat Pump Equipment
- ARI Std 310/380-2004 Standard for Packaged Terminal Air-Conditioners and Heat Pumps (CSA-C744-04)
- ARI Std 320-98 Water-Source Heat Pumps
- ARI Std 410-2001 Forced-Circulation Air-Cooling and Air-Heating Coils (Addendum to 410-2001 Posted May 2002)
- ANSI/ARI Std 430-99 Central Station Air Handling Units
- ARI Std 440-2005 Room Fan-Coils
- ARI Std 550/590-2003 Standard for Water Chilling Packages Using the Vapor Compression Cycle
- ANSI/ARI Std 560-2000 Absorption Water Chilling and Water Heating Packages

4.2.10 American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Industrial Ventilation: A Manual of Recommended Practice, 24th Edition

4.2.11 American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE), Inc. Standards (Latest Edition).

HVAC Applications, 2003

HVAC Systems and Equipment, 2004

Fundamentals, 2005

Refrigeration, 2002

ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2004 Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality (ANSI Approved)

ASHRAE Guideline 1-1996 The HVAC Commissioning Process

ASHRAE Standard 90.1-2004 Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings (ANSI Approved; IESNA Co-sponsored)

ASHRAE Standard 15-2004 Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems

ASHRAE Standard 55-2004 Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy (ANSI Approved)

4.2.12 Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association (SMACNA), Inc. (Latest Edition).

Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards

HVAC Duct Construction Standards-Metal and Flexible, 1995, 2nd Edition

4.2.13 National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standards.

Current Edition of the National Fire Codes, 2005

NFPA 13 Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems

NFPA 54 National Fuel Gas Code

NFPA 90A Standard for the Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems

NFPA 90B Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems

NFPA 96 Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations

4.2.14 Army Regulation.

AR 380-380 Automation Security

4.2.15 Steel Structures Painting Council (SSPC).

SSPC SP 5/NACE No. 1 White Metal Blast Cleaning, 01-Nov-04

4.2.16 Guide Specifications.

See Chapter 11 of this manual.

4.2.17 Engineering Regulations (ER).

ER 1180-1-9 Design-Build Contracting, 31-Jul-99

4.2.18 American National Standards Institute (ANSI)

ANSI/ALI ALCTV-1998 Safety Requirements for the Construction, Testing, and Validation of Automotive Lifts

ANSI Z358.1-2004 Emergency Eyewash and Shower Equipment

4.2.19 Engineer Technical Letters

ETL 1110-3-483 Clothes Dryer Exhaust Venting, 23-Mar-98

ETL 1110-3-489 Domestic Water Heaters for Barracks, 03-Apr-98

ETL 1110-3-491 Sustainable Design for Military Facilities, 01-May-01

4.2.20 US DOD Criteria

US DOD QPL-4556-27 Coating Kit, Epoxy, for Interior of Steel Fuel Tanks, 11-Feb-99

4.2.21 Energy Criteria

Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law 109-58)

4.3 PRECONCEPT (PROGRAMMING) SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. No requirements for this section.

4.4 CODE 3 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.

4.4.1 Submittal. Submittal content and format shall be as described in UFC 3-710-01A, "Design: Code 3 Design with Parametric Estimating". Any Base of project specific requirements will be provided with specific instructions to contract or delivery order.

4.5 CONCEPT/EARLY PRELIMINARY (35 PERCENT) DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS.

4.5.1 Concept/Early Preliminary Design Analysis. The narrative will form the basis of the future Preliminary and Final Design Analyses, as required for Preliminary (60 Percent) Design Submittal and Final (100 Percent) Design Submittal of this chapter, depending on submittal requirements, and will contain the following in narrative form:

a. Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning.

(1) Criteria listings - manuals, pamphlets, technical books, etc.

(2) Design conditions used in calculations - inside and outside temperatures, personnel load, equipment heat release (if any), outside air or ventilation requirements, U-factors, and other special conditions.

(3) Block loads for heating and cooling shall be calculated using ASHRAE-based computer-generated load calculations. Where passive solar applications prove feasible and cost effective (see CHAPTER A-7, ENERGY ANALYSES, ECONOMIC ANALYSES, CONTROL SYSTEMS, EMCS), the Designer shall employ a load calculation method that can incorporate all applicable passive solar factors. All load calculation software must be approved in advance by the Savannah District. For all calculations (cooling load, heating load, pipe sizing, duct sizing, etc.), the design analysis shall contain layout sketches that show how the building or system was segmented for computer input.

(4) Type of systems considered and full description including justification for selection, description of air distribution, zoning and control description, and description and justification for any connections to existing systems. The Designer shall submit two copies of the HVAC System Alternatives form (EXHIBIT A-4-4) to the Mechanical Section. A single-line layout of each of the three alternatives shall also be submitted.

(5) Brief description of various items of equipment. Indicate operating temperatures and capacities.

(6) Description of piping systems including type of pipe, insulation requirements, and whether concealed or exposed.

(7) Description of any demolition or asbestos removal required. See CHAPTER A-12, ASBESTOS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (IDENTIFICATION, HANDLING, AND REMOVAL) if asbestos is encountered.

(8) A list of items for which any additional criteria, clarification, or guidance is required.

(9) Return air plenums are not allowed. Ducted returns shall be provided unless the designer can provide compelling specific rationale that justifies the use of a return air plenum. A waiver request accompanied by detailed rationale and justification supporting a return air plenum shall be submitted through the project manager to the Savannah District Mechanical Team Leader in Design Branch. Waiver approval action is vested in Chief,

Design Branch. Examples of compelling reasons or justification are energy related, life cycle cost, operational, and/or maintenance.

(10) Documentation of compliance with ASHRAE 90.1 and ASHRAE 62.1.

b. Plumbing.

(1) Criteria listing - manuals, codes, etc.

(2) Plumbing calculations as necessary to determine number of fixture units, cold and hot water capacity requirements, and equipment or capacities of miscellaneous and special systems.

(3) Fixture determination listing quantity and type of fixtures for both men's and women's toilets, and other fixtures such as drinking water fountains, service sinks, etc. Indicate male and female building population, if available.

(4) Description of domestic water heating and storage equipment, including capacity, type (gas, electric, boiler, water), materials, and insulation. (Life cycle cost justification will be provided with concept design analysis for justification of selection, if appropriate.)

(5) Piping types and location (concealed or exposed), together with material proposed and insulation requirements.

(6) Brief description of miscellaneous systems such as compressed air (capacity, pressure, piping, location of air outlets, etc.), roof drainage, natural gas (pressure, quantity, and equipment to be served), and other special systems.

(7) Description of any demolition or asbestos removal required. See CHAPTER A-12, ASBESTOS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (IDENTIFICATION, HANDLING, AND REMOVAL) if asbestos is encountered.

(8) A list of items for which additional criteria, clarification, or guidance is required.

c. Outside Utilities.

(1) Criteria listings - manuals, pamphlets, codes, etc.

(2) Pipe size calculations in tabular form. Where project utilities are extensions of existing systems, it must be shown that these are adequate for the additional load requirements.

(3) Description of the utility systems chosen. Provide justification for chosen systems based on life cycle cost analysis.

(4) Topographic Survey requirements for utility distribution routing shall be in accordance with CHAPTER A-1, SITE DEVELOPMENT, Paragraph 1.4.1.

(5) A list of items for which additional criteria, clarification, or guidance is required.

d. Fire Suppression System.

(1) Criteria listings - Except as modified herein, or by Specific Instructions, fire protection criteria shall conform to the requirements of Architectural and Engineering Instructions, MIL-HDBK-1190, UFC 3-600-01, and to applicable standards contained in the current National Fire Codes, published by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA).

(2) Listing of the hazard classifications for each space and discussion of protection requirements for specific hazards.

(3) Discussion of fire protection features to reflect the types of systems considered with a description of the systems selected.

(4) Description of fire detection and alarm system controls which are used to actuate suppression systems. See CHAPTER A-5, ELECTRICAL POWER, LIGHTING, GROUNDING, COMMUNICATIONS, AND ALARM SYSTEMS, for fire detection and alarm system requirements.

(5) If water sprinkler systems are to be provided, preliminary hydraulic calculations shall be prepared for the most hydraulically demanding area to insure that flow and pressure requirements can be met with current water supply. Information on water supply available for fire protection will generally be provided by Base personnel through "Fire Flow Test" data (see CHAPTER A-8, ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING).

e. Renovation Recommendations. The AE shall make all recommendations for renovation requirements in existing buildings and/or recommendations for the use of existing mechanical systems. Recommendations shall include all supporting rationale, assumptions, calculations, condition of existing equipment, etc.

4.5.2 Concept/Early Preliminary Drawings. Provide plan view showing the following:

a. Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning. Heating, ventilating, and air conditioning equipment layout - chillers or refrigeration compressors, boilers, pumps, condensers or cooling tower, air handling units, fans, air distribution duct layout (may be single line), hoods, and other items of major equipment required for the facility. Return air plenums are not allowed. Ducted returns shall be provided.

b. Plumbing. Plumbing fixture layout, floor and area drains, and plumbing equipment layout (hot water generator, storage tank, air compressors, etc.).

c. Outside Utilities. Indicate locations and sizes of outside utilities, high temperature water, steam, chilled water, and natural gas lines where required to support the project. Show same scale as other sitework drawings.

d. Fire Suppression System. Prepare a plan for each floor of each building. Provide the following types of information:

(1) The location and coverage of any fire suppression systems (sprinkler risers, standpipes, etc.).

(2) The location of any other major fire suppression equipment.

(3) Indicate any hazardous areas and their classification.

e. Mechanical Room(s). A 1:50 scale plan(s) in metric design (or 1/4 inch = 1 foot) of the mechanical room(s) indicating all equipment to be located therein with at least 1 meter (3 feet) of clearance between each item and the nearest adjacent wall/ceiling or electrical/control panel. Indicate space required for placement of all such items as coils, filters motors, belts, spaces on the plan. If electrical panels are located within the mechanical room, indicate the space around the panel where piping is prohibited by code. The Architect of record will be required to certify that adequate space for such equipment has been provided, on the Form contained in the Exhibits as Exhibit A-4-5.

4.5.3 Concept/Early Preliminary Specifications. Provide a list of specifications to be used for the project in accordance with CHAPTER A-11, SPECIFICATIONS.

4.5.4 Standard Drawings or Site Adaptations. Indicate all utility requirements as above and provide narrative and calculations for any other changes required for site adaptation or conformance to latest criteria. Design analysis, drawings, and specifications shall be updated to reflect the latest Sustainable Design and Energy Policy Act requirements.

4.5.5 Field Investigation. The AE shall make a complete and thorough field investigation prior to performing any design work on this project. This shall be done to verify conditions existing at the time of design compared to those shown on as-built drawings provided by the Project Manager. Any conflicts shall be reported to the Project Manager, Savannah District. The field investigation shall also determine the extent of mechanical renovation required in any existing building to accommodate the scope of this new project.

4.5.6 Boiler Permits. See paragraph 4.11.8 for boiler permitting requirements.

4.6 PRELIMINARY (OVER THE SHOULDER) SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. No requirements for this section.

4.7 PRELIMINARY (60 PERCENT) DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS.

4.7.1 General. When only Concept/Early Preliminary and Final Design submittals are required, the Final Design submittals shall contain all information developed in the Concept/Early Preliminary (35 Percent) Design Submittal Requirements, as well as that identified in this section (Preliminary (60 Percent) Design Submittal Requirements), and the Final (100 Percent) Design Submittal Requirements.

4.7.2 Preliminary Design Analysis.

4.7.2.1 When only Concept/Early Preliminary and Final Design submittals are required, the Final Design Analysis will contain all information developed in the Concept/Early Preliminary narrative, organized as outlined in Concept/Early Preliminary (35 Percent) Design Submittal

Requirements of this chapter under paragraph 4.5.1 entitled Concept/Early Preliminary Design Analysis, as well as that identified in this Section and paragraph 4.8, the Final (100 Percent) Design Submittal Requirements.

4.7.2.2 Base all new designs on the most economical plan consistent with the applicable publications listed in this manual. Cite the criteria references for all major design decisions.

4.7.2.3 Identify all references to standard texts, etc., for all major design decisions or assumptions not covered by criteria references.

4.7.2.4 All design analyses shall clearly show calculated capacities of all major items of mechanical equipment such as air handling units and coils, condensing units, water chillers, boilers, pumps, humidifiers, cooling towers, fans, hot water heaters and tanks. Pump heads will be estimated for preliminary design. Analyses shall show manufacturer's make and model number of equipment used for layout purposes, and shall show weights of major items of equipment. Include summaries of heating and cooling loads and, where applicable, show determination of water quantities and temperature rise or drop for hot water, chilled water, and condenser water. Show calculations for air on and off coils and develop air conditioning and/or heating process cycles on a standard psychrometric chart, showing each air conditioning, heating, ventilation, humidification, and dehumidification system.

4.7.2.5 For Preliminary design, all piping inside the building and ductwork need not be sized based on detailed calculations, but should show estimated sizes sufficiently accurate to prepare the Preliminary Cost Estimate.

4.7.2.6 The Preliminary Design Analysis shall include all items in the Concept Design Analysis and any necessary revisions. In addition, the following specific items shall be included when applicable:

a. Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning.

(1) Calculations for heating and cooling loads will be made in accordance with the methods prescribed in the current Fundamentals Volume, ASHRAE Handbook and Products Directory. Computer-generated load calculations shall be used. Load calculation software must be ASHRAE-based and must be approved in advance by the Savannah District. For Bachelor Enlisted and Officer Quarters, air conditioning calculations will include a 10 percent safety factor; all others will be 5 percent unless justified by unusual circumstances.

(2) Boiler sizes will be based on calculated heat load, safety factors, piping losses, and pickup requirements. Selection of boilers will be based on "gross" rating. List in design analysis allowances made for safety factors, piping losses, etc.

(3) Mechanical Ventilation. When calculating fan capacities for ventilation purposes, show in the analysis the volume of the space to be ventilated and the number of the air changes per hour used. If fan capacity is based on heat liberated in the space, show all assumptions made along with computations. All calculations required by ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2004 shall be shown. This includes ventilation effectiveness and multiple

space analysis if the ventilation rate procedure is used.

(4) Return air plenums are not allowed. Ducted returns shall be provided.

b. Outside Utilities.

(1) Exterior heat, gas, and chilled water distribution piping shall be sized for preliminary design. The analysis shall show flow quantities, pipe sizes, pressure drops per meter (or per 100 feet), total pressure drop, and initial and final pressures. Gas distribution analysis shall be prepared in accordance with UFC 3-430-05FA.

(2) Expansion Loop Calculations. Expansion loop sizes shall be calculated for heat distribution and for low temperature heating water distribution systems. The entire distribution system shall be analyzed using a three-dimensional, finite element analysis program. Input, output and diagrams, indicating node locations shall be submitted. Loops shall provide adequate expansion on the straight runs of the system within the stress limits of ASME B31.1. Distance between guides on loops shall be equal to twice the width of the loop. Anchor distances shall not exceed 75 m (250 feet). Loops shall generally be formed of equal leg segments.

c. Fire Suppression System.

(1) Provide a detailed description of the system and its controls such as activation of the system, interlocks with the HVAC system, and connection to detection and alarm systems.

(2) For all water-based sprinkler systems protecting facilities over 280 m² (3000 square feet), pipe sizes will be developed by a complete hydraulic analysis in accordance with NFPA 13 and UFC 3-600-01. Analysis may be computer-generated provided input and output can be verified to conform to the above. For Air Force Logistics Command facilities, calculations shall be performed by means of "HASS", the Hydraulic Analysis of Sprinkler Systems program available from HRS Systems of Atlanta, Ga.

d. HVAC Controls.

(1) Preliminary submittal must include HVAC controls data to EN-DEM. If a Preliminary submittal is not required, this information will follow the approved Concept/Early Preliminary submittal at least 4 weeks prior to scheduled Notice to Proceed on Final design. This data must be approved by EN-DEM prior to proceeding with Final design of HVAC controls (see CHAPTER A-7, ENERGY ANALYSES, ECONOMIC ANALYSES, CONTROL SYSTEMS, EMCS for HVAC controls Final design requirements). Data shall include the following:

(a) Revised cooling and heating load estimate based on Concept/Early Preliminary submittal review comments.

(b) Psychrometric chart depiction of the HVAC process.

(c) Sequence of control narrative to include, but not be limited to the following:

(i) Control of the air side of the HVAC system, including identification of system components.

(ii) Control of the water/refrigeration side of the system, including identification of system components.

(d) Single line schematic of typical HVAC unit, showing supply fan, return air fan (if any), coils, control valves, dampers (outside air, return air, relief air, face and bypass), smokestats, freezestats, firestats, averaging thermostats, discriminators, etc., with setpoints and functional/single line control cabling.

(2) Other Controls. Controls for boilers, chillers, and their auxiliaries located in central energy plants shall be in accordance with the specific instructions for each project.

4.7.3 Standard Computation Forms. Calculate heat losses, cooling loads (unless computer-generated load calculations are used), expansion loops, and closed head sprinkler systems on standard Corps of Engineers forms which will be furnished upon request. One of these standard forms is as follows:

EXHIBIT NO.	TITLE OF FORM
EXH A-4-1	Typical Design Analysis Format for Closed Head Sprinkler System

4.7.4 Preliminary Drawings. The Preliminary drawings shall show all information given on the Concept/Early Preliminary drawings but in greater detail. In addition, the Preliminary drawings shall contain the following:

a. Floor plan layouts showing location and capacities of all items of mechanical equipment, piping, ductwork, and fixtures.

b. Enlarged plan of Mechanical Equipment Rooms. See paragraph 4.11.7.10. Technical Requirements, of this chapter. Equipment room layouts shall be sufficiently complete to show piping and duct layouts and access for maintenance. A minimum of 900 mm (36 inches) working clearance shall be provided around all major equipment items when depicting the largest of three manufacturer's standard unit dimensions.

c. Single line layout of ductwork and piping inside of building including all items of mechanical equipment and fixtures. Detailed piping schematic diagrams, details, sections, and elevations are not required for preliminary design unless required to show intent of design. Return air plenums are not allowed. Ducted returns shall be provided.

d. Equipment capacities shown on schedules similar in format to those shown in EXHIBIT A-4-3 containing, at a minimum, all information shown. Minimum efficiency shall be included in the schedule for pumps. All major equipment shall have maximum kilowatts (horsepower) listed in the schedule. Coordinate electrical requirements with the electrical designer. Do not specify equipment by trade name.

e. Plumbing fixture schedule listing individual fixtures and pipe size connections (cold water, hot water, waste, and vent). Schedule shall be similar in format to EXHIBIT A-4-3 and contain, at a minimum, all information shown.

f. Heat distribution plan showing location and sizes of lines and pits, pit equipment with capacities, anticipated grading of lines, and location and sizes of expansion loops and anchors.

g. Chilled water, domestic water, gas, and liquid fuel distribution plan showing location and size of distribution lines.

h. Any information other than the requirements listed above which the designer considers necessary to show the intent of design.

i. Fire Suppression System.

(1) Include items shown on the Concept/Early Preliminary drawings and any necessary revisions.

(2) Prepare a schedule describing the system with the following information: fire hazard and occupancy classifications, building construction type, L/min/m² (gpm/square foot) sprinkler density, area of operation, demand area, area of coverage/head, sprinkler spacing, and other as required.

(3) Provide detail of suppression system interface with HVAC and detection or alarm systems. Coordinate with CHAPTER A-5, ELECTRICAL POWER, LIGHTING, GROUNDING, COMMUNICATIONS, AND ALARM SYSTEMS.

4.7.5 Preliminary Specifications.

4.7.5.1 The outline specifications previously submitted for Concept/Early Preliminary phase shall be revised, updated, further developed and resubmitted in accordance with CHAPTER A-11, SPECIFICATIONS.

4.7.5.2 Prepare outline specifications for mechanical work included in the project. Where Savannah District or OCE guide specifications are to be used without change, a listing of the appropriate OCE guide specification numbers will suffice. Where a departure or addition to a guide specification is required, include in listing a brief description of the equipment or procedure constituting the departure or addition. Where no guide specification is available, prepare an outline specification from available criteria and instructions, giving all pertinent equipment and material characteristics.

4.7.6 Boiler Permits. See paragraph 4.11.8 for boiler permitting requirements.

4.8 FINAL (100 PERCENT) DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS.

4.8.1 General. When only Concept/Early Preliminary and Final Design submittals are required, the Final Design Submittals shall contain all information developed in the Concept/Early Preliminary (35 Percent) Design Submittal Requirements, as well as that

identified in the Preliminary (60 Percent) Design Submittal Requirements, and the Final (100 Percent) Design Submittal Requirements.

4.8.2 Final Design Analysis.

4.8.2.1 The Final Design Analysis will be a refinement of the Concept/Early Preliminary and/or Preliminary Design Analyses and shall contain all the information called for in paragraphs 4.5 and 4.7 of this chapter, even when preliminary submittal is not required.

4.8.2.2 The design analysis will show applicable references for design assumptions not found in common reference manuals which were not listed during the Preliminary design stage.

4.8.2.3 The design analysis will reflect all comments from the District on the Concept/Early Preliminary and Preliminary Design Analyses.

4.8.2.4 All pipe sizing computations will be included in the analysis. Piping analyses will show design flow, pipe size, friction factors, slopes, lengths, and elevations where applicable, conducted quantity, and velocity in the various mains and branches. Where necessary, flow diagrams will be included in the analysis.

4.8.2.5 The determination of pump heads will be based on complete take off of friction losses and static heads.

4.8.2.6 The plumbing piping analysis will clearly show the main and branch loads in terms of "fixture units" as well as flow quantities L/min (gpm), supply pressure, and pressure available at all fixtures based on full flow conditions.

4.8.2.7 All duct sizing computations will be included in the analysis. Ductwork analyses will show friction loss and will clearly indicate the air velocities encountered in the main ducts. Where necessary, flow diagrams will be included in the analysis. Return air plenums are not allowed. Ducted returns shall be provided.

4.8.2.8 The determination of static pressure on fans and air handling units will be based on complete take off of static losses. The value should be calculated such that an allowance will be made for dirty filters. This value shall be included in the external pressure drop on the air handling unit schedule.

4.8.2.9 Heating, air conditioning, and ventilating analyses will include a summary sheet to show the final capacity of each piece of equipment including the manufacturer's make and model used for layout. The weight of each of the items of equipment will be included in this summary.

4.8.2.10 The Final design analysis shall include a complete sprinkler system layout with pipes sized. Fire extinguishment systems will include hazard classification, sprinkler spacing, zoning (if appropriate), and sizes of all riser pipes, sprinkler valves, mains, and principle branches based on available water pressures by either computer-generated hydraulic analysis, manual calculations, or sizes taken from NFPA pipe schedule tables. System design shall be by hydraulic calculation unless total area is less than 280 m²

(3,000 square feet) (no pipe schedule system). Smoke evacuation systems will be thoroughly developed in accordance with project specific instructions when required. See paragraph 4.8.2.12 for fire protection information to show on drawings.

4.8.2.11 P.O.L. systems will be fully developed in accordance with project specific instructions when required.

4.8.3 Final Drawings.

4.8.3.1 Final plans will be the refinement and completion of Concept/Early Preliminary and Preliminary drawings. All comments from this office relating to Concept/Early Preliminary and Preliminary design shall be incorporated in the Final drawings.

4.8.3.2 Where crowded conditions exist due to close proximity of other phases of the work, sufficient sections and elevations will be shown to indicate clearly the exact location of the particular item in relation to other items. As a minimum, one section will be taken through the most congested area of each mechanical room.

4.8.3.3 The number of elevations and details will be sufficient to allow construction and installation of the work without additional design work by the Contractor.

4.8.3.4 Where equipment connection details are shown, indicate all required valves, gauges, and fittings required. Coordinate with specification requirements and make sure that valves, fittings, etc., that are specified to be furnished with each piece of equipment are included in the detail.

4.8.3.5 Equipment room plans will clearly indicate by dotted lines, the space required for "tube pulling" on such items as boilers, chillers, condensers, etc. Sufficient room will be allowed for maintenance, coil removal, filter removal, etc., on other items of equipment. Space reserved by code at electrical panels shall also be shown.

4.8.3.6 Final plans shall show all pipe and duct sizes. Ductwork will be drawn to scale on plans. Catwalks, ladders, platforms, access panels, and doors required for operation and maintenance of equipment, valves, and accessories will be detailed on the drawings.

4.8.3.7 Performance characteristics for all items of mechanical equipment will be placed in carefully prepared equipment schedules. Schedules will be similar in format to those shown in EXHIBIT A-4-3 and contain, at a minimum, all information shown. Equipment characteristics specified in "Note" fashion, or in random locations on the drawings are not acceptable. Equipment characteristics selected shall not be restrictive to any one manufacturer but must be competitive among at least three major manufacturers. No manufacturers' trade names shall be shown on the drawings.

4.8.3.8 Electrical characteristics will not be included in equipment schedules. Minimum efficiency shall be included in the schedule for pumps only. All other major equipment (1.1 kw or more) shall have maximum kilowatts (horsepower) listed in the schedule. See CHAPTER A-7, ENERGY ANALYSES, ECONOMIC ANALYSES, CONTROL SYSTEMS, EMCS.

4.8.3.9 Location of equipment, piping, and ductwork shall be completely coordinated with other features of the project - architectural, structural, electrical, etc.

4.8.3.10 Riser diagrams of soil, waste, drain, and vent stacks, and water risers will be shown on the drawings for all buildings two stories and higher.

4.8.3.11 Where critical, the air suction and discharge directions of such items as fans, air-cooled condensers, and cooling towers will be indicated on the drawings. Make sure that building fresh air intakes are located at a sufficient distance away from the air discharge of air-cooled condensing units, cooling towers, etc., as to preclude pick up of this air into the fresh air intake.

4.8.3.12 Include Fire Protection drawings in Final package. "Critical Projects" identified in paragraph 4.11.7.4 shall have a fully detailed design of all extinguishment systems. These are not necessarily "working plans" but shall provide the Contractor actual pipe sizes, sprinkler locations, and approximate pipe locations. All major equipment shall be located and sized. For other projects, label fire protection drawings "PRELIMINARY", and provide densities, demand area, area protected, hazard classification, sprinkler head coverage, zoning, building entrances, exact control system locations (must include all locations if shown), device locations, etc. Anything shown must be correct as to numbers and approximate as to locations and sizes for "noncritical projects."

4.8.3.13 Heat distribution, liquid fuel distribution, and chilled water distribution drawings will have complete profiles for the entire length of run. These profiles will indicate elevations, depth of bury, and all interfering utilities which may be encountered. Details of pits, drip points, etc., will be shown. Where required to clearly define the requirements, profiles as specified above will be provided for gas distribution systems.

4.8.4 Final Specifications.

4.8.4.1 Typed project specifications shall be submitted in accordance with CHAPTER A-11, SPECIFICATIONS.

4.8.4.2 Specifications will not be restrictive. Generally, the description will be such that at least three manufacturers can meet the specified requirements. Do not use trade names in the specifications.

4.8.4.3 Specifications for fire suppression systems shall be UFGS adapted for the project. Components such as smoke detectors, heat actuated devices, and control panels for a Halon system shall be specified in the Fire Suppression specifications.

4.8.4.4 The subparagraphs on "Electrical Work" shall be carefully coordinated with the electrical section of the specifications. There shall be no conflicts as to which section covers starters, controls, or wiring, and no conflicts as to the type of starters required for the individual items of equipment.

4.8.4.5 The Designer shall refer to CHAPTER A-7, ENERGY ANALYSES, ECONOMIC ANALYSES, CONTROL SYSTEMS, EMCS, for specification requirements for HVAC Control Systems.

4.8.4.6 Particular care will be given to the compatibility of components, for example, the burner should suit the boiler; the combustion controls should suit the oil type and burner type selected.

4.9 CORRECTED FINAL DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS.

4.9.1 Notice. Corrected Final submittals are not considered a normal design level and are required only when Final submittals must be revised or corrected due to error or omission.

4.9.2 Compliance. The comments generated during the Final Design review shall be incorporated in the Corrected Final submittal.

4.10 REQUIREMENTS FOR PREPARATION OF DESIGN/BUILD (CONCEPT 30%) RFP PACKAGES.

4.10.1 General. Unless indicated otherwise, RFP shall be based upon "partial" design development as defined by UFC 1-300-07A "Technical Requirements: Design Build". Unless indicated otherwise, AE shall be furnished an electronic format sample or template for the written technical requirements portion of the RFP to be edited for the specific project. The RFP shall describe the minimum proposal requirements.

4.10.1.1 Plumbing: RFP shall indicate that the plumbing systems shall be designed and installed in accordance with the International Plumbing Code, latest edition.

4.10.1.2 Supply or Return Air Plenums: RFP shall indicate that supply or return air plenums shall not be used unless approved by Savannah District.

4.10.1.3 Mechanical Systems Maintainability and Accessibility: RFP shall indicate that special attention shall be given to the maintainability and accessibility of all HVAC systems. Accessibility features (i.e. access panels, etc.) shall be designed and included as required to allow complete access to all mechanical systems and system components, which are concealed, or require adjustment, inspection, maintenance, and replacement. Provide adequate clearance around all pieces of equipment for periodic maintenance, inspection, and cleaning. Service of one piece of equipment shall not require disturbance of adjacent equipment.

4.10.1.4 Commissioning: RFP shall indicate that HVAC System Commissioning shall be required. The Savannah District will not serve as the Commissioning Authority, required under sustainable design.

4.10.1.5 Evaluation Factors: RFP shall address "evaluation factors" and indicate the order of relative importance of all factors evaluated. The AE shall coordinate discussion of evaluation factors with the Savannah District Project Manager for guidance.

4.10.1.6 Proposer Submittal Requirements: As a minimum, RFP shall require the proposers to submit the following as part of their proposal:

a. Design Narrative: RFP shall require a design narrative describing the mechanical and plumbing system types proposed to be installed and description of air distribution, zoning, and control systems. The design narrative shall address all RFP issues and contain all explanatory material giving the design decisions that would not be obvious to an engineer reviewing the final drawings and specifications. The design narrative should also contain an outline of the specifications, sustainability checklists, and the indoor and outdoor design conditions.

b. Catalog Cuts: RFP shall address requirements for manufacturers catalog cuts for major pieces of equipment (air handlers, boilers, chillers, pumps over 5 hp) to be provided with submittal, that shall represent actual equipment proposed to be installed. RFP shall indicate that deviations and installation of equipment other than proposed will not be allowed or accepted unless approved by the Contracting Officer. RFP shall also indicate that proposed equipment shall be approved conditionally, pending its compliance with the specifications for the specific project.

c. Enlarged Mechanical Room Plan Layout: RFP shall require a mechanical room plan layout with a minimum scale of 1:50 in metric design (or ¼ inch = 1 foot). This layout shall show all items of major mechanical equipment that are required in the mechanical room with at least 1 meter (3 feet) of clearance between each item and the nearest adjacent wall/ceiling or electrical/control panel. Space required for placement of all such items as coils, filters, motors, and belts shall be shown on the layout. If electrical panels are located within the mechanical room, indicate the space around the panel where piping is prohibited by code. RFP shall require the Architect of record to certify that adequate space for such equipment has been provided.

d. Specifications: Unless the AE is instructed otherwise, the RFP shall require the use of Corps of Engineers Guide Specifications. RFP shall also require that marked-up version of specifications be provided such that the reviewer can visualize the actual changes.

e. Block Loads: RFP shall require that block loads be provided for heating and cooling. ASHRAE-based computer-generated load calculations shall be used.

f. ASHRAE 90.1: RFP shall require that all ASHRAE 90.1 compliance documentation be provided with submittal.

g. ASHRAE 62.1: RFP shall require that documentation of compliance with ASHRAE 62.1 be provided with submittal.

4.10.1.7 Successful Proposer Submittal Requirements: As a minimum, for the remainder of the submittals for the successful proposer, the RFP shall require the successful proposer to submit Design Analysis, Drawings, Specifications, and any additional requirements in accordance with the Savannah District Design Manual for Military Construction, Chapter A-4.

4.10.2 Draft RFP Submittal. Submit the following:

a. The AE shall provide design criteria, drawings, and an initial list of specifications for the RFP.

b. The AE shall provide a mechanical room plan layout with a minimum scale of 1:50 in metric design (or ¼ inch = 1 foot). This layout shall show all items of major mechanical equipment that are required in the mechanical room with at least 1 meter (3 feet) of clearance between each item and the nearest adjacent wall/ceiling or electrical/control panel. Space required for placement of all such items as coils, filters, motors, and belts shall be shown on the layout. This will be for information only but will demonstrate that the mechanical room has adequate room for HVAC equipment.

c. The AE shall provide block loads for heating and cooling. ASHRAE-based computer-generated load calculations shall be used.

d. The AE shall provide a narrative describing the mechanical and plumbing system types and description of air distribution, zoning, and control systems.

e. The AE shall perform an LCCA (Life Cycle Cost Analysis). HVAC system alternatives (air side) shall be submitted to Savannah District for approval. The system that wins out in the LCCA shall be documented in the RFP as the system to be designed around. Any other systems that come within 10% of the winning system in the LCCA shall also be documented in the RFP as potential systems to be designed around, pending the systems approval from the Savannah District.

4.10.3 Final RFP Submittal.

4.10.3.1 Implement review submittal comments.

4.10.3.2 Verify consistency between plans, specifications, and corrections.

4.11 TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS.

4.11.1 Statement of Work. Mechanical work includes, but is not limited to, the design of the following systems:

- a. Air Conditioning.
- b. Compressed Air.
- c. Emergency Engine-Generator Units.
- d. Extinguishment Systems.
- e. Gas Distribution and Gas Fittings.
- f. Heating.
- g. Hoists and Lifts.
- h. Incinerators.
- i. Ventilation for Equipment Rooms.
- j. Mechanical Equipment Spaces.
- k. Plumbing.
- l. Refrigeration.
- m. Chilled and Low Temperature Heating Water Distribution.
- n. Heat Distribution.
- o. Liquid Fuel Storage, Distribution, and Dispensing.
- p. Seismic Protection.

4.11.2 Basic Technical Requirements. TI 800-01, Design Criteria.

4.11.3 Coordination of Work.

4.11.3.1 Coordinate space requirements, foundations, supports, duct and pipe routing, electrical service, and the like for mechanical items with architectural, structural, and electrical design elements.

4.11.3.2 Coordinate exterior mechanical distribution systems with design elements handling other exterior utility designs and sitework.

4.11.3.3 All piping and ductwork will be concealed in habitable areas of all Army buildings, except storage or service facilities, as well as utility and medical storage spaces in hospitals.

4.11.4 Supplementary Technical Publications. Additional technical publications will be requested by the Designer for each project. These publications will supplement those cited in paragraph Basic Technical Requirements. In case of conflict between publications, the publications cited in paragraph Basic Technical Requirements will govern. See paragraph APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS for a list of applicable Technical Publications.

4.11.5 Guide Specifications. The appropriate sections of guide specifications will be requested by the Designer initially and again at the Preliminary design stage for each project. The Designer shall read each before design is started and pay special attention to the TECHNICAL NOTES included with each section of guide specifications. The specifications and notes reflect criteria that must be incorporated in the design.

4.11.6 System Selection.

4.11.6.1 Full engineering considerations shall be given to achieve greater operating economics by the use of one or more of the several proven energy conservation systems. Several considerations to achieve energy conservation are described in Architectural and Engineering Instructions. See CHAPTER A-7, ENERGY ANALYSES, ECONOMIC ANALYSES, CONTROL SYSTEMS, EMCS.

4.11.6.2 The AE shall evaluate the following design alternatives on a life cycle cost basis.

- a. Alternative domestic hot water heating systems.
- b. Extension of existing high temperature water, steam, or chilled water distribution systems to serve this facility versus self-contained systems.
- c. Building HVAC Systems Selection: The AE shall carefully evaluate all of the project criteria and use good engineering judgement to select HVAC system alternatives which are compatible with the facility. A minimum of 3 viable alternatives shall be selected. Multizone, dual duct, terminal reheat, fan coil, all types of variable air volume systems, and combinations of systems shall be considered. The AE shall contact Mechanical Section, Design Branch, for approval of alternatives to receive life cycle costing prior to

computerized energy analysis as required by CHAPTER A-7, ENERGY ANALYSES, ECONOMIC ANALYSES, CONTROL SYSTEMS, EMCS. Return air plenums are not allowed. Ducted returns shall be provided.

d. Special Fire Suppression Systems.

4.11.7 Standard Systems Criteria.

4.11.7.1 Air Conditioning.

4.11.7.1.1 Outside Design Conditions. Listed in EXHIBIT A-4-2 are outside design conditions for Army and Air Force installations. The listing includes conditions for air conditioning system design, water cooling tower design and selection, and selection of air-cooled condensers. These conditions will be used unless stated otherwise in Specific Instructions.

4.11.7.1.2 Inside Design Conditions. Unless stated otherwise in Specific Instructions, inside design conditions shall be as required by UFC 3-410-01FA.

4.11.7.1.3 Year-Round Cooling Requirements. If an air conditioning system serves areas having high internal heat gains (such as electronic equipment areas), considerations must be given to possible year-round cooling requirements and the system designed accordingly; this will include provisions for low ambient operation of air-cooled condensers; or if permitted, the use of an outside air economizer cycle. Provisions for reheating of supply air should be provided where justified.

4.11.7.1.4 Reliability, redundancy, and other requirements for air conditioning of Communications-Electronic installations will be in accordance with TI 800-01 and MIL-HDBK-1190 criteria will govern in the design of these types of installations.

4.11.7.1.5 Additional criteria required for proper design of special facilities will be given in specific instructions.

4.11.7.1.6 Air conditioned existing buildings, having attic spaces with insulation on the ceiling, shall be provided with mechanical ventilation to maintain a maximum of 5.56 degrees C (10 degrees F) above ambient in the attic space. No existing facility with attic space will be air-conditioned unless insulation is added to the ceiling to bring the roof/ceiling assembly thermal resistance factor into conformance with current criteria. Return air plenums are not allowed. Ducted returns shall be provided unless the designer can provide rationale substantiating that adequate space is not available in the existing facility being renovated to allow a ducted return to be installed. Waiver requests must be submitted through the Savannah District Mechanical Team Leader to Chief, Design Branch.

4.11.7.1.7 Automatic Heating and Cooling Changeover Controls. Outdoor sensing unit and controls shall be located where they will not sense heat generated by mechanical or electrical equipment. They shall not be located in the outside air intakes and exhaust air streams of mechanical equipment rooms where they can be affected. Automatic changeover is permitted where there is a building central heating and air conditioning system, provided the changeover control is based on sensing outside air temperatures.

When automatic changeover controls are used the building piping system shall contain a control loop. When changeover takes place, the control loop will allow the water in the piping system to continue circulating in order for it to become a neutral temperature before it enters the equipment (boiler or chiller). Having the water at a neutral temperature before it enters the equipment (boiler or chiller) will prevent thermal shock of the equipment (boiler or chiller).

4.11.7.1.8 Fire Protection. The current requirements of NFPA 90A and 90B will be incorporated in all heating and air conditioning systems designs except that corridors shall not be used as a supply, return, or exhaust air plenum in any type of occupancy.

4.11.7.1.9 Noise and Vibration Control. All noise control design work shall be in accordance with UFC 3-450-01 and the ASHRAE HVAC Applications Handbook.

4.11.7.1.10 Ductwork Design. Ductwork shall be designed in accordance with ASHRAE recommendations and applicable SMACNA standards. Variable air volume systems shall have ducts sized by the Static Regain Method.

4.11.7.1.11 For Air Force projects, a "kJ" ("Btu") meter shall be provided at the point of entry for any new building or major building renovation that is to be served from a central chilled water plant. The meter shall be commercially available and sense chilled waterflow and temperature differential from which it shall automatically calculate and record Btu's.

4.11.7.1.12 Humid Areas. Reference TI 800-01, Chapter 13, for additional requirements for humid areas. Humid areas are indicated in EXHIBIT A-4-2.

4.11.7.1.13 Filtration. For all air handling units serving occupied spaces, filter the combined supply air, including return and outside air, using a combination of 30 percent efficient prefilter(s) and 80 to 85 percent efficient final filter(s). Where practical, provide separate filtration or other means to clean the outdoor air, typically equivalent to that used for the combined air stream, prior to mixing it with the return air. Separate filtration for the outdoor air will reduce the contaminants in the outdoors from entering the primary air stream. Even in areas where the outdoor air is seemingly clean, low levels of auto emissions, pollen, dust, etc., can accumulate on the interior of ductwork and plenums and later cause inadequate air quality problems. Due to the decrease in system airflow as the pressure drop across the filter increases, size fans for the "dirty" filter condition. This will ensure that each fan has adequate capacity to deliver the design airflow as the filter becomes loaded.

4.11.7.2 Compressed Air. Unless requirements are stated in Specific Instructions, compressed air system and compressor sizes will be determined by the Designer from analysis of equipment layout and/or coordination with using service requirements.

4.11.7.3 Emergency Engine-Generator Units.

4.11.7.3.1 General. This feature must be coordinated with the electrical design element. A single set of specifications will be prepared to specify the unit and auxiliary equipment. The Mechanical Designer shall be responsible for plans and specifications covering the engine, fuel system, exhaust, and cooling system. The electrical designer will be

responsible for the design and specification of the generator and other electrical appurtenances and controls. If a gasoline engine is used, the design shall conform to applicable NFPA codes; i.e., fueling systems, hazardous area classification, etc.

4.11.7.3.2 Ventilation for Emergency Engine-Generator Rooms. The ventilating air quantity shall be sufficient to hold the room temperature at approximately 48.9 degrees C (120 degrees F.) with a maximum of 51.67 degrees C (125 degrees F). The following heat dissipation rates will be used in calculating ventilation rate:

- a. Heat given off by generator and exciter - 188 W/kW (8 Btu per minute per HP).
- b. Heat given off by engine surfaces (either dry or water-cooled manifold) - 235 W/kW (10 Btu per minute per HP).
- c. Heat given off by exhaust system - Initial surface temperatures of 415 C - 510 C (780 degrees F. to 950 degrees F.) for engines with water-cooled manifolds.

4.11.7.4 Extinguishment Systems.

4.11.7.4.1 General.

a. Savannah District has identified the following as "critical projects." Additional projects or deviations from this classification shall be designated in writing by both the District Fire Protection Engineer and the Chief, Design Branch.

- (1) Medical facilities.
- (2) Aircraft maintenance and storage facilities.
- (3) Engine test cells/areas.
- (4) Missile assembly facilities/areas.
- (5) Ordinance facilities or exposed explosive areas.
- (6) Facilities which include significant data processing/telecommunication systems, as defined by AR 380-380.
- (7) POL facilities.
- (8) Flight Simulators/Computer based training facilities.
- (9) Warehouses with high piled or high rack storage.
- (10) JSOC/SOTF facilities.
- (11) Mission essential facilities.

(12) Any facility occupied (during normal working or sleeping times) by 100 or more persons.

b. The design analysis for sprinkler systems shall be in strict accordance with the instructions, engineering manuals, and requirements of NFPA 13. For design of all water-based systems serving an area of over 280 m² (3,000 square feet), a complete hydraulic analysis is required. All automatic sprinkler designs shall be based on 1/2 inch nominal size orifice nozzles. Drawings for any extinguishing system shall maximize criteria (Governmental criteria differs significantly from commercial) to avoid conflicts.

4.11.7.4.2 Critical Projects. All critical projects require a "fully detailed design" of active fire protection systems. All piping shall be sized and heads shown on the contract drawings. Sections shall be shown for all ceiling/roof constructions to indicate head and pipe arrangements. Specifications shall be edited to require "GA" level review of all shop drawings and observation of all field testing required in connection with final approval of these systems. The Contractor shall be required to provide full size 841 x 1189 mm (33" x 47") as-built drawings as part of his construction submittals. These as-built drawings shall be complete in all aspects, including wiring diagrams, piping layouts, equipment details, schedules, etc. In addition, the District Fire Protection Engineer shall review all complete final extinguishment system designs and provide formal approval action for inclusion in the EN-S project files.

4.11.7.4.3 Other Projects. Plans developed for sprinkler systems shall be of the preliminary layout type which conform to NFPA 13. They are to be a guide for subsequent preparation by the Contractor of detailed working drawings which will be coordinated with requirements and options of the work of other trades required for construction of the facility. A note to this effect shall be placed on the preliminary plan. Risers, fire department connections, etc., shall be appropriately detailed. However, exact sprinkler head locations, branch and pipe lateral sizes, etc., will not be indicated in detail. A typical section/elevation of the sprinkler system will be provided to indicate orientation of sprinkler heads in attic spaces, under sloped roofs, etc.

4.11.7.5 Gas Distribution and Gas Fittings. Gas distribution system will extend from point of connection with existing main to a point 1.5 m (5 feet) from the building. Gas fitting connects at the 1.5 m (5-foot) mark and covers all interior gas piping. Maximum line pressure in gas distribution systems shall be 345 kPa (50 psig) in lieu of 172 kPa (25 psig) specified in UFC 3-430-05FA. The system will be designed such that there will be no exposed gas lines or meters in the front of the facility, and coordinated with the User.

4.11.7.6 Heating.

4.11.7.6.1 Outside Design Conditions. Listed in EXHIBIT A-4-2 are outside heating design conditions for Army and Air Force installations. These conditions will be used unless stated otherwise in specific instructions.

4.11.7.6.2 Inside Design Conditions. Unless stated otherwise in specific instructions, the inside design temperature shall be determined as required by UFC 3-410-01FA.

4.11.7.6.3 Energy Source Selection. Energy Source selection shall be based on criteria contained in Chapters A-5 and A-7 of this manual.

4.11.7.7 Hoists and Lifts.

4.11.7.7.1 Hoists. The mechanical designer shall determine lifting and travel speeds for motor operated hoists, trolleys, and cranes. The determinations shall be based on job requirements and will be in conformance with standard catalog products of at least three reputable manufacturers. Electrical requirements will be coordinated with electrical drawings. Monorail supports will be designed by the structural engineer and shown on structural drawings.

4.11.7.7.2 Lifts. Automotive lifts shall conform to the latest issue of ANSI/ALI ALCTV Safety Requirements for the Construction, Testing, and Validation of Automotive Lifts. The lift will be detailed on the drawings. Show on the drawings the necessary control dimensions such as lift center line and location of front of lift with respect to building wall. Also, show drainage piping which will connect pit drainage to building.

4.11.7.8 Incinerators. In accordance with Air Pollution Abatement Policy, incinerators shall be provided which will meet the latest Federal and State regulations.

4.11.7.9 Ventilation for Equipment Rooms.

4.11.7.9.1 Refrigerant Compressor Rooms for Walk-in and Reach-in Refrigerators. Air-cooled condensing units with integral condensers will be provided with not less than 500 L/s of air per kW (800 CFM of air per horsepower) (nameplate rating). Water-cooled condensers and remote air-cooled condensers will be provided with not less than 50 L/s of air per kW (80 CFM of air per horsepower) (nameplate rating). Compressor rooms will be provided with outside air intake louvers and thermostatically controlled exhaust fans.

4.11.7.9.2 Mechanical equipment rooms will usually be ventilated using outside air intake louvers and a thermostatically controlled exhaust fan. Use a supply fan in lieu of an exhaust fan in rooms where atmospheric burners are located. The ventilation fan will have a two-speed motor, that is sized, at the high speed, to have adequate capacity to limit the room dry bulb temperature to a maximum of 6 degrees C (10 degrees F) above the outdoor dry bulb temperature when both equipment and ambient loads are at their maximum peaks. The high speed will be activated 6 degrees C (10 degrees F) below the maximum temperature at which the most sensitive item of equipment in the room can operate. The low speed will operate at 11 degrees C (20 degrees F) below that of the high speed.

4.11.7.9.3 Gas-fired Furnaces. The following NFPA Code 54 guidance will be used:

a. Provide combustion air as required by two permanent openings to the outside. Openings will communicate directly, or by duct, to the outside. One opening will be within 300 mm (12 inches) of the top of the Furnace Room and one opening will be within 300 mm (12 inches) of the bottom of the Furnace Room. Openings directly to the outside or ducted vertically to the outside will give a minimum free area of 11 mm² per 20 W (1 square inch per 4,000 BTUH) input rating for all equipment. Openings ducted horizontally

to the outside will have a minimum free area of 11 mm² per 10 W (1 square inch per 2,000 BTUH) input rating.

b. All return air will be ducted to the furnace. The furnace room will not be used as a return.

4.11.7.10 Mechanical Equipment Spaces. Mechanical equipment (sized from three manufacturers), piping, and accessories in boiler and equipment rooms will be drawn to scale on the drawings in both plan and elevations. Adequate space will be provided for maintenance, operation, and replacement of equipment, piping, and accessories. Catwalks, ladders, platforms, access panels, and doors required for operation and maintenance of equipment, valves, and accessories will also be indicated and detailed on the drawings.

4.11.7.11 Plumbing.

4.11.7.11.1 Wall Hydrants and Lawn Faucets. The maximum spacing between wall hydrants or between lawn faucets around the perimeter of a building is 60 m (200 feet). Add 18 L/min (5 gpm) for each hydrant or faucet to building load for sizing water main. No diversity will be assumed.

4.11.7.11.2 Roof Drainage. Gutters and exterior downspouts will be sized by architectural design element, shown on the architectural drawings, and specified in architectural sections of the specifications. Roof drains and interior downspouts, including collection system, shall be sized by mechanical designer, shown on the mechanical drawings, and specified in the plumbing section of the mechanical specifications.

4.11.7.11.3 Wash Rack Drainage Facility. All wash racks shall be provided with suitable grease and sediment traps. The effluent from wash racks shall be provided with grit chambers and oil separators. The wash rack effluent will be discharged into storm drains or sanitary sewers as required by E.P.A. regulations.

4.11.7.11.4 Design for the Physically Handicapped. Appropriate modifications to plumbing fixtures, as required by Uniform Federal Accessibility Standard (UFAS), shall be included in all projects designated to be suitable for access by the physically handicapped.

4.11.7.11.5 Domestic Hot Water Temperature.

a. Domestic hot water supply maximum temperatures at the point of use will be as required in UFC 3-420-01 unless higher temperatures are required for sanitizing and special processes.

b. Design guidance in UFC 3-420-01 and the ASHRAE HVAC Applications Handbook, service water heating will be followed.

4.11.7.11.6 Connection of Potable Water Supply with Utility Systems Having Chemical Treatment Facilities. When a potable water supply is connected with a utility system such as heating system, chilled water system, or cooling tower, which is equipped with chemical treatment facilities, a reduced pressure principle backflow prevention device shall

be provided. The positive break should occur between the potable water supply and the utility system. The drain line from the backflow assembly shall be run to a floor drain. The backflow assembly shall not be installed over 1500 mm (5 feet) above the floor for maintenance access.

4.11.7.12 Refrigeration.

4.11.7.12.1 Coordinate walk-in cooler and refrigerated space requirements with architectural drawings.

4.11.7.12.2 Provide defrost and drainage facilities for units.

4.11.7.12.3 Provide ample ventilation for compressor rooms as hereinbefore specified in paragraph 4.11.7.9.1.

4.11.7.13 Chilled and Low Temperature Heating Water Distribution. The chilled water and low temperature heating water distribution systems will extend from connection to existing exterior mains to a point approximately 600 mm (2 feet) inside the mechanical equipment room where both the supply and return lines shall terminate with shutoff valves. The building chilled or low temperature heating water system will connect to the distribution system at this point. A valved bypass will be installed on the distribution side of the shutoff valves. The amount of distribution piping between the equipment room wall or floor and the shutoff valves will be held to a minimum but will be of sufficient length to allow installation of the bypass.

4.11.7.13.1 Air-Cooled Chillers. All air-cooled chillers shall comply with the following requirement: Unless the condenser coil is completely protected through inherent design, louvered panel coil guards shall be provided by the manufacturer to prevent physical damage to the coil.

4.11.7.14 Heat Distribution. Heat distribution system includes the exterior distribution of steam and high temperature water and will extend from connection to existing exterior mains to a point approximately 600 mm (2 feet) inside the mechanical equipment room where both the supply and return lines shall terminate with shutoff valves. The building systems will connect to the distribution system at this point. For high temperature water systems, a valved bypass will be installed on the distribution side of the shutoff valves. The amount of distribution piping between the equipment room wall or floor and the shutoff valves will be held to a minimum but will be of sufficient length to allow installation of the bypass. The heat distribution system shall enter the mechanical equipment room in close proximity to an exterior door to allow easy access to the shutoff valves from the door.

4.11.7.15 Liquid Fuel Storage, Distribution, and Dispensing.

4.11.7.15.1 In accordance with Air Pollution Abatement (Environmental) Policy, the following requirements will apply:

a. Fuel tanks of 151,416 L (40,000 gallon) capacity or more for storing gasoline or other organic liquids with a vapor pressure of 10.34 kPa (1.5 psi) absolute or greater under

actual storage conditions shall either be of nonvented construction, designed for maximum pressure expected, or else equipped with floating roof or a vapor recovery system.

b. Stationary gasoline storage tanks of 900 L (240 gallons) or more shall be equipped with either submerged filling inlets or with vapor recovery systems such that loss of vapor to the atmosphere during filling operations shall be minimized.

c. Gasoline or petroleum distillate tank car or truck loading facilities handling 75,708 L (20,000 gallons) per day or more shall be equipped with submersible filling arms or other vapor emission control systems.

4.11.7.15.2 Aviation fuel tanks of steel construction will be interior lined with an epoxy coating system conforming to US DOD QPL-4556-27, Coating Kit, Epoxy, for Interior of Steel Fuel Tanks, minimum thickness of two coats, 0.15 mm (6 mils). Interior metal surfaces will be sandblasted to bright metal prior to coating, in accordance with the requirements of "Steel Structure Painting Council Surface Preparation Specification," SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1. Work must be accomplished by experienced lining applicators.

4.11.7.16 Seismic Protection. All projects will include appropriate provision for protection of mechanical piping, equipment, and underground utilities against damage from seismic events in accordance with UFC 3-310-03A, Design: Seismic Design for Buildings. Generally, these requirements can be satisfied by the inclusion of Unified Facilities Guide Specification, Sections 15070A SEISMIC PROTECTION FOR MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT and 16070A SEISMIC PROTECTION FOR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, in the contract specifications. See "Instructions to the Specification Writer" contained within the guide for high rise buildings, unstayed stacks, storage tanks, etc.

4.11.7.17 Other Systems. Other systems are required for special projects such as medical and industrial type facilities. These will be designed in accordance with the Specific Instructions issued for each project of this type.

4.11.8 Boiler Permits.

4.11.8.1 Pursuant to satisfying requirements under the Clean Air Act, at or before the 60 percent design stage, the A-E shall submit to the installation's environmental office 1) a listing of boilers and domestic hot water heaters that will be fired by natural gas, propane, and/or fuel oil, 2) the fuel or fuels (primary and backup, if applicable) that will be utilized for each piece of equipment, 3) the quantity of each particular size, and 4) the respective input firing rate. The document shall also provide a point of contact and an alternate point of contact, should the environmental office require additional information from the designer of record during the permitting process. Furthermore, two copies of the document shall also be sent to the Savannah District, one to the Project Manager for placement in Central Files, and another to the Mechanical Section.

4.11.8.2 This document shall not be sent prematurely, since any increase in boiler sizing subsequent to submission of the document will require revision to the permitting process. In any event, if there is a change in equipment sizing during refinement of the design process, an updated copy of said document shall be submitted per the guidance above.

4.11.8.3 Additionally, the A-E is responsible for incorporating into the design the equipment accessories required for compliance with the governing environmental laws. This includes, but is not limited to, determining the need for individual metering and the level of emissions monitoring required. The A-E's concept design narrative shall specifically address those features that will be incorporated into the boiler system design to assure compliance with the applicable environmental laws of the state.

4.11.8.4 Normally, for fast track design-build contracts, the construction permit will not have been obtained prior to award of the design-build contract. No construction associated with the building(s) housing the boiler(s) or other source(s) of contaminant can be done prior to obtaining the required permit. Generally, only the following things can be done prior to possession of the permit: clearing and grading, access roads, driveways, parking lots, underground utilities up to the five foot line of the buildings, and ancillary structures (structures not associated with housing the sources of contaminants). A-E developed requests for proposals (RFPs) for fast track construction shall contain the language necessary to convey this fact to proposers.

4.11.9 Sustainable Project Rating Tool (SPiRiT). The following SPiRiT points shall not be pursued:

- a. 3.C5 Measurement and Verification
- b. 5.C3 Construction IAQ Management Plan (Building Flushout Point)
- c. 5.C7 Thermal Comfort (Temperature and Humidity Monitoring System Point)

4.12 REQUIREMENTS FOR PREPARATION OF MILCON TRANSFORMATION (CONCEPT 15%) MODEL RFP PACKAGES.

4.12.1 General. Unless indicated otherwise, RFP shall be based upon MILCON Transformation Model RFP. Unless indicated otherwise, AE shall be furnished an electronic format of the Model RFP to be edited for the specific project. The RFP shall describe the minimum proposal requirements.

4.12.1.1 Editing Requirements: Chapters 1-5 of the RFP are base line requirements and shall not be altered except for Chapter 4, which shall have the Energy Policy Act added to it as part of the governing criteria. Chapter 6 is for base specific requirements and is where the Bases specific Installation Design Guide, mechanical requirements shall be added to the RFP.

4.12.1.2 Criteria: RFP shall indicate that mechanical and plumbing systems shall be designed and installed in accordance with industry standard criteria.

4.12.1.3 Commissioning: Savannah District shall be given first rights of refusal to serve as the Commissioning authority for the specific project. The AE shall inquire, through the Savannah District Project Manager, whether or not the Savannah District will serve as the Commissioning authority for the specific project. If the Savannah District will act as the Commissioning authority, then the RFP shall indicate this requirement.

4.12.1.4 Boiler Permits: RFP shall contain the boiler permitting requirements specified in paragraph 4.11.8.

4.12.1.5 Proposer Submittal Requirements: As a minimum, the proposer submittals shall be provided per the specific requirements contained within the Model RFP. As a minimum, the submittals shall define the level of quality of the mechanical and plumbing systems that will be provided.

4.12.1.6 Successful Proposer Submittal Requirements: As a minimum, the remainder of the submittals for the successful proposer shall be provided per the specific requirements contained within the Model RFP.

4.12.2 Draft RFP Submittal. Submit the following:

a. The AE shall provide an edited version of the Model RFP. The Model RFP shall be edited per the specific instructions contained within it.

b. The AE shall provide any drawings required for the RFP.

4.12.3 Final RFP Submittal.

4.12.3.1 Implement review submittal comments.

4.12.3.2 Verify consistency of corrections made through-out RFP document. Also, verify consistency between any drawings provided and corrections.

CHAPTER A-4

MECHANICAL

EXHIBITS

A-4-1 Typical Design Analysis Format for Closed Head Sprinkler System

A-4-2 Heating and Air-Conditioning Outside Design Conditions for Savannah District Sites

A-4-3 Sample Mechanical Equipment Schedules

A-4-4 HVAC System Alternatives

A-4-5 Savannah District Certificate for Design of Mechanical Room

TYPICAL DESIGN ANALYSIS FORMAT
FOR CLOSED HEAD SPRINKLER SYSTEM

PROJECT: _____ LOCATION: _____

HAZARD: _____ TYPE SYSTEM: _____

NFPA STANDARD NO.13 REQUIREMENTS:

MAX. ALLOWABLE HEAD COVERAGE (SQ. FT./HEAD) _____
(mm²/HEAD) _____

MAX. DISTANCE BETWEEN BRANCH LINES: _____

MAX. DISTANCE BETWEEN SPRINKLERS ON LINES: _____

PROJECT DESIGN:

AREA PROTECTED PER SYSTEM: _____

TOTAL HEADS PER SYSTEM: _____

HEAD COVERAGE (SQ.FT./HEAD) or (mm²/HEAD) _____

DISTANCE BETWEEN BRANCH LINES: _____

DISTANCE BETWEEN SPRINKLERS ON LINES: _____

PIPE SIZING SCHEDULE:

NUMBER HEADS	PIPE SIZE	LINE SERVICE
1		
2		
3		
ETC.		

**HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING OUTSIDE DESIGN CONDITIONS
FOR SAVANNAH DISTRICT SITES**

(Source – Air Force Combat Climatology Center, Engineering Weather Data)

LOCATION	HDD (Base 65F)	CDD (Base 50F)	HEATING DESIGN CONDITIONS	COOLING DESIGN CONDITIONS		AIR COOLED COND. DESIGN CONDITION
			DRY BULB (F)	DB (F)	WB (F)	DRY BULB (F)
Albany Municipal, GA **	2213	6071	28	94	79	99
Atlanta Intl. Arpt./Fort McPherson/Fort Gillem, GA	3004	5190	24	92	74	97
Augusta/Bush Field/Fort Gordon, GA	2895	5587	25	94	76	99
Brunswick/Malcolm McKinnon, GA **	1669	6707	33	91	81	96
Columbus Metro Arpt., GA	2476	6009	28	94	76	99
Dobbins AFB/Marietta, GA	3156	4822	24	91	74	96
Fort Benning, GA **	2591	5655	27	94	80	99
Fort Stewart/Wright, GA **	1354	3702	30	94	81	99
Hunter AAF, GA **	1897	5541	30	93	81	98
Macon/Lewis B. Wilson, GA	2548	5916	27	94	76	99
Moody AFB/Valdosta, GA **	1673	6870	32	94	80	99
Rome/Russell (RAMOS), GA	3482	3696	20	93	75	98
Savannah Municipal, GA **	2063	5292	30	93	80	98
Warner Robins AFB, GA	2547	5917	28	94	76	99
Asheville Municipal, NC	4593	3559	16	86	72	91
Cape Hatteras, NC **	2518	5357	29	87	80	92
Charlotte/Douglas, NC	3574	4726	21	90	75	95
Cherry Point (MCAS), NC **	2719	5540	26	91	81	96
Fort Bragg/Simmons, NC	3107	5007	24	93	76	98
Greensboro/Piedmont/G.-High, NC	3995	4363	19	90	74	95
New River (MCAS)/MOTSU, NC	2773	5552	26	91	77	96
Pope AFB, NC	3246	5308	23	93	76	98
Raleigh/Raleigh-Durham, NC	3699	4467	20	91	76	96
Seymour-Johnson AFB, NC	3110	4918	24	93	76	98
Beaufort (MCAS), SC **	2058	6328	30	93	81	98
Charleston Municipal, SC **	2194	6072	29	92	81	97
Columbia Metro/Fort Jackson, SC	2929	5640	24	94	75	99
Florence Regional, SC **	2735	5723	26	93	80	98
Greenville/Spartanburg, SC	3490	4690	23	91	74	96
McEntire ANG Base, SC	2277	5470	27	94	76	99
Myrtle Beach Civ., SC **	2465	5219	28	90	81	95
Shaw AFB/Sumter, SC	2696	5592	27	93	76	98

* Values given here are for normal design work. For critical facilities, confirm design conditions with Savannah District.

** Humid area

**HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING OUTSIDE DESIGN CONDITIONS
FOR SAVANNAH DISTRICT SITES**

(Source – Air Force Combat Climatology Center, Engineering Weather Data)

LOCATION	HDD (Base 18.3C)	CDD (Base 10C)	HEATING DESIGN CONDITIONS	COOLING DESIGN CONDITIONS		AIR COOLED COND. DESIGN CONDITION
			DRY BULB (C)	DB (C)	WB (C)	DRY BULB (C)
Albany Municipal, GA **	1230	3373	-2	34	26	37
Atlanta Intl. Arpt./Fort McPherson/Fort Gillem, GA	1621	2884	-4	33	24	36
Augusta/Bush Field/Fort Gordon, GA	1608	3104	-4	34	24	37
Brunswick/Malcolm McKinnon, GA **	928	3726	1	33	27	36
Columbus Metro Arpt., GA	1375	3339	-2	34	24	37
Dobbins AFB/Marietta, GA	1687	2679	-4	33	23	36
Fort Benning, GA **	1398	3142	-3	34	27	37
Fort Stewart/Wright, GA **	730	2057	-1	34	27	37
Hunter AAF, GA **	987	3078	-1	34	27	37
Macon/Lewis B. Wilson, GA	1415	3287	-3	34	24	37
Moody AFB/Valdosta, GA **	929	3817	0	34	27	37
Rome/Russell (RAMOS), GA	1935	2054	-7	34	24	37
Savannah Municipal, GA **	1125	2940	-1	34	27	37
Warner Robins AFB, GA	1416	3287	-2	34	24	37
Asheville Municipal, NC	2551	1977	-9	30	22	33
Cape Hatteras, NC **	1358	2976	-2	31	27	34
Charlotte/Douglas, NC	1986	2625	-6	32	24	35
Cherry Point (MCAS), NC **	1510	3078	-3	33	27	36
Fort Bragg/Simmons, NC	1677	2782	-4	34	24	37
Greensboro/Piedmont/G.-High, NC	2220	2424	-7	32	23	35
New River (MCAS)/MOTSU, NC	1531	3084	-3	33	25	36
Pope AFB, NC	1804	2949	-5	34	24	37
Raleigh/Raleigh-Durham, NC	1999	2482	-7	33	24	36
Seymour-Johnson AFB, NC	1679	2732	-4	34	25	37
Beaufort (MCAS), SC **	1132	3516	-1	34	27	37
Charleston Municipal, SC **	1181	3374	-2	33	27	36
Columbia Metro/Fort Jackson, SC	1626	3133	-4	34	24	37
Florence Regional, SC **	1509	3179	-3	34	27	37
Greenville/Spartanburg, SC	1939	2605	-5	33	23	36
McEntire ANG Base, SC	1230	3039	-3	34	24	37
Myrtle Beach Civ., SC **	1329	2900	-2	32	27	35
Shaw AFB/Sumter, SC	1477	3107	-3	34	24	37

* Values given here are for normal design work. For critical facilities, confirm design conditions with Savannah District.

** Humid area

SAMPLE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT SCHEDULES

IF DESIGN IS TO BE IN METRIC USE THE SI UNITS, IF DESIGN IS IN INCH/POUND UNITS USE ONLY THE INCH POUND UNITS IN THE SCHEDULE, EVEN THOUGH BOTH UNIT ABBREVIATIONS ARE SHOWN IN THE EXAMPLES.

AIR COMPRESSOR SCHEDULE					
ITEM	DELIVERY AIR FLOW CFM (M ³ /S)	DELIVERY PRESSURE PSIG (kPa)	WORKING PRESSURE PSIG (kPa)	RECEIVER SIZE GALLON (LITER)	REMARKS
AC-1	50	125	50	60 HORIZONTAL	

AIR TERMINAL DEVICE SCHEDULE							
IDENTIFIER	SERVICE	FACE SIZE INCHES (mm)	NECK SIZE INCHES (mm)	MAX. PRESSURE DROP IN. W.G. (Pa)	CFM MAX. (M ³ /S)	THROW PATTERN	REMARKS
A	SUPPLY/RETURN	24x24	6 IN. DIA.	0.05/0.1	120	4-WAY/N.A.	
B	SUPPLY	12x12	6 IN. DIA.	0.05	120	4-WAY	
C	RETURN	10x10	8x8	0.05	220	N.A.	
D	EXHAUST	8x8	6x6	0.05	120	N.A.	
E	TRANSFER	24x24	6 IN. DIA.	0.1	120	3-WAY	

CONDENSING UNIT SCHEDULE					
SYMBOL	CAPACITY BTUH (kW)	AMBIENT TEMP. °F (°C)	SUCTION TEMP. °F (°C)	TYPE	REMARKS
CU-1	80,000	93°	40°	AIR-COOLED	

COOLING TOWER SCHEDULE						
NO.	GPM (L/S)	MOTOR HP (W)	EWT °F (°C)	LWT °F (°C)	ENTERING AIR WET BULB TEMP. °F (°C)	REMARKS
CT-1	1300	25	95°	85°	75°	

SAMPLE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT SCHEDULES

AIR SEPARATOR SCHEDULE							
SYMBOL	SERVICE	FLOW GPM (L/S)	PIPE SIZE INCHES (mm)	MAX. OP. TEMP. °F (°C)	MAX. OP. PRESS. PSIG (kPa)	MAX. WPD FT. HEAD (kPa)	REMARKS
AS-1	CHILLED WATER	150	4	70°	90	1	
AS-2	HOT WATER	90	2 1/2	200°	125	1	

BOILER SCHEDULE											
SYMBOL	LOCATION	OUTPUT CAPACITY MBH (kW)	FUEL	FUEL CONSUMPTION CFH (M ³ H)	HEATING WATER GPM (L/S)	ΔT °F (°C)	EWT °F (°C)	MAX. PRESSURE DROP FT W.G. (kPa)	TYPE	MIN. SERVICE EFFICIENCY	REMARKS
B-1	MECH RM 110	189.5	NATURAL GAS	237	19	20°	160°	5	NATURAL DRAFT	80%	

CHILLER SCHEDULE										
SYMBOL	CAPACITY TONS (kW)	CHILLED WATER DATA				CONDENSER AIR TEMP. MIN. °F (MIN. °C)	MIN. EER	VOLTS/Hz/Ph	TYPE	REMARKS
		GPM (L/S)	ENTERING TEMP. °F (°C)	LEAVING TEMP. °F (°C)	MAX ΔP FT. HEAD (M. HEAD)					
CH-1	168	413	55°	45°	20	95°	9.6	480/60/3	AIR-COOLED	30% GLYCOL

PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE SCHEDULE								
SYMBOL	FLOW RATE GPM (L/S)	VALVE SIZE INCHES (mm)	INLET PRESS. PSIG (kPa)	PRESS. SETTING PSIG (kPa)	MAX. FALL OFF PRESS. PSIG (kPa)	CONSTRUCTION	LOCATION	REMARKS
PRV-1	100	2 1/2	63	60	15	BRONZE-BODY	MECH. RM 115	DOMESTIC COLD WATER ENTRANCE

SAMPLE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT SCHEDULES

CONVECTOR SCHEDULE									
SYMBOL	LOCATION	CAPACITY BTUH (kW)	EAT °F (°C)	EWI °F (°C)	LWT °F (°C)	WATER FLOW GPM (kPa)	CONFIGURATION	MAX. LENGTH FEET (METER)	REMARKS
CONV-1	100 VESTIBULE	7400	40°	170°	150°	0.74	CABINET, SLOPED TOP DISCHARGE	4	

DUCTLESS SPLIT SYSTEM SCHEDULE					
INDOOR UNIT	AIR FLOW CFM (L/S)	OUTDOOR UNIT	CAPACITY BTUH (kW)	MIN. EFFICIENCY (SEER/HSPF)	REMARKS
DSI-1	200	DSO-1	3,200 COOLING/2,200 HEATING	10/6.8	HEAT PUMP

PLUMBING FIXTURE SCHEDULE						
SYMBOL	FIXTURE	CW INCHES (mm)	HW INCHES (mm)	WASTE INCHES (mm)	VENT INCHES (mm)	REMARKS
P-1	WATER CLOSET	1	---	4	2	FLUSH VALVE
P-2	LAVATORY	1/2	1/2	1 1/4	1 1/4	WALL MOUNTED
P-3	SERVICE SINK	1/2	1/2	3	1 1/2	
P-4	URINAL	3/4	---	2	1 1/4	FLUSH VALVE
P-5	WATER COOLER	1/2	---	1 1/4	1 1/4	WALL-MTD. HANDICAPPED & NON-HANDICAPPED
P-6	SHOWER	1/2	1/2	2	1 1/2	
W.H.	WALL HYDRANT	3/4	---	---	---	FREEZE PROOF
FD	FLOOR DRAIN	---	---	AS SHOWN	---	WITH 1/2" TRAP PRIMER

SAMPLE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT SCHEDULES

DOMESTIC HOT WATER PUMP SCHEDULE								
SYMBOL	LOCATION	GPM (L/S)	TOTAL HEAD FEET (kPa)	FLUID TEMP. °F (°C)	MIN. SERVICE EFFICIENCY	MAX. MOTOR HP (W)	TYPE	REMARKS
DWRP-1	MECH RM 115	2	6	110°	35%	1/6	IN-LINE	BRONZE BODY RECIRCULATING WATER PUMP

NOTE: Pump head for estimating only. Contractor shall be held responsible for calculations. Pump head shall be based on actual piping layout.

GAS FIRED INFRARED HEATER SCHEDULE					
SYMBOL	CAPACITY OUTPUT BTUH (W)	FUEL	MOUNTING HEIGHT	TYPE	REMARKS
IRH-1	175,000	GAS	APPROX. 20 FEET	LOW INTENSITY	

HVAC PUMP SCHEDULE								
SYMBOL	LOCATION	GPM (L/S)	TOTAL HEAD FEET (kPa)	FLUID TEMP. °F (°C)	MIN. SERVICE EFFICIENCY	MAX. MOTOR HP (W)	TYPE	REMARKS
CHWP-1	MECH RM 115	114	82	44°	50%	5	IN-LINE	CHILLED WATER PUMP
HWP-1	MECH RM 115	108	48	170°	50%	3	IN-LINE	HOT WATER PUMP

NOTE: Pump heads for estimating only. Contractor shall be held responsible for calculations. Pump heads shall be based on actual piping layout.

UNIT HEATER SCHEDULE										
SYMBOL	LOCATION	CAPACITY BTUH (W)	AIR FLOW CFM (L/S)	EAT °F (°C)	EWT °F (°C)	LWT °F (°C)	WATER FLOW GPM (L/S)	MAX. MOTOR HP (W)	TYPE	REMARKS
UH-1	MECH RM 115	5,300	436	40°	170°	150°	0.55	1/40	HORIZONTAL	THERMOSTATICALLY CONTROLLED

SAMPLE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT SCHEDULES

DOMESTIC HOT WATER GENERATOR SCHEDULE													
SYMBOL	SPECIFIC TYPE	HEATING SOURCE	STORAGE CAPACITY GALLONS (LITERS)	RECOVERY CAPACITY GPH (L/S)	TEMP. RISE		CAPACITY BTUH (W)	TUBE SIDE (MTHW)				REMARKS	
					EWT °F (°C)	LWT °F (°C)		PASSES	EWT °F (°C)	LWT °F (°C)	GPM (L/S)		MAX. WPD FT. HEAD (kPa)
DHWG-1	U-TUBE HEAT EXCHANGER	MTHW	200 (MIN.)	88	50°	140°	66,250	MULTI.	240°	160°	2.4	10	

DOMESTIC WATER HEATER SCHEDULE								
SYMBOL	SPECIFIC TYPE	HEATING SOURCE	STORAGE CAPACITY GALLONS (LITERS)	RECOVERY CAPACITY GPH (L/S)	TEMP. RISE		CAPACITY MBH (kW)	REMARKS
					EWT °F (°C)	LWT °F (°C)		
DWH-1	NATURAL GAS FIRED	NATURAL GAS	800 (MIN.)	1550	40°	120°	1600	FORCED DRAFT DOMESTIC WATER HEATER

DOMESTIC WATER HEATER SCHEDULE											
SYMBOL	SPECIFIC TYPE	HEATING SOURCE	STORAGE CAPACITY GALLONS (LITERS)	RECOVERY CAPACITY GPH (L/S)	TEMP. RISE		ELECTRICAL				REMARKS
					EWT °F (°C)	LWT °F (°C)	WATTS	VOLTS	PHASE	NO. OF ELEMENTS	
DWH-1	ELECTRIC	ELECTRIC	55 (MIN.)	28	40°	140°	9000	208	3	2	

VARIABLE AIR VOLUME BOX SCHEDULE													
SYMBOL	INLET DIA. SIZE INCHES (mm)	COOLING		HEATING							MAX. PRESS. DROP ACROSS AIR VALVE IN. W.G. (Pa)	AHU SERVED	REMARKS
		MAX. AIR FLOW RATE CFM (L/S)	MIN. AIR FLOW RATE CFM (L/S)	TOTAL COIL LOAD BTUH (W)	AIR FLOW RATE CFM (L/S)	WATER FLOW RATE GPM (L/S)	EWT °F (°C)	WATER TEMP. DIFF. °F (°C)	EAT °F (°C)	MAX. WATER PRESS. DROP PSI (Pa)			
VAV-1	6	280	35	4,660	140	0.54	180°	20°	55°	2	1/2	AHU-1	

SAMPLE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT SCHEDULES

DOMESTIC HOT WATER EXPANSION TANK SCHEDULE										
SYMBOL	LOCATION	MEDIUM	MIN. ACCEPT. VOLUME GALLONS (LITERS)	TOTAL TANK VOLUME GALLONS (LITERS)	INITIAL PRESS. AT TANK PSIG (kPa)	MAX. OP. PRESS. PSIG (kPa)	SYSTEM TEMP. RANGE		SEPARATION	REMARKS
							°F (MIN.)	°F (MAX.)		
DET-1	MECH RM 115	DOMESTIC HOT WATER	2.5	4.5	30	125	40°	140°	BLADDER OR DIAPHRAGM	

EXPANSION TANK SCHEDULE									
SYMBOL	SERVICE	MIN. ACCEPTANCE VOLUME GALLONS (LITERS)	TOTAL TANK VOLUME GALLONS (LITERS)	MIN. OPERATING TEMP./PRESSURE		MAX. OPERATING TEMP./PRESSURE		SEPARATION	REMARKS
				°F/PSIG (°C/kPa)	°F/PSIG (°C/kPa)	°F/PSIG (°C/kPa)	°F/PSIG (°C/kPa)		
ET-1	COOLING	25	50	40°F/15 PSIG	95°F/60 PSIG	DIAPHRAGM			
ET-2	HEATING	25	50	60°F/15 PSIG	200°F/25 PSIG	DIAPHRAGM			

FAN SCHEDULE									
SYMBOL	LOCATION	AIR FLOW CFM (L/S)	ESP IN. W.G. (Pa)	DRIVE TYPE	MAX. RPM	MOTOR HP (W)	EQUIP./AREA SERVED	TYPE	REMARKS
EF-2	CORRIDOR 200	1550	0.5	BELT	1725	1/2	TOILETS	CENTRIF. INLINE	INTERLOCKED W/ AHU-2
EF-3	TOILET RM 223	120	0.35	DIRECT	1300	1/20	TOILET 223	CENTRIF. INLINE	INTERLOCKED W/ LIGHT SWITCH
RF-1	MECH RM 208	8810	1	BELT	1725	5	AHU-2	CENTRIF. INLINE	INTERLOCKED W/ AHU-2

SAMPLE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT SCHEDULES

LOUVER SCHEDULE							
SYMBOL	LOCATION	SERVICE	MIN. FREE AREA SQ. FEET (SQ. METERS)	MAX. FACE VELOCITY FT./MIN. (M/S)	AIR FLOW CFM (M ³ /S)	ACCESSORIES	REMARKS
L-1	1ST FLOOR RM. 125	EXHAUST FOR EF-5	0.1	750	75	BIRD SCREEN, BACK DRAFT DAMPER	
L-2	2ND FLOOR MECH. RM. 208	INTAKE FOR AHU-1 & 2	8	500	4000	BIRD SCREEN	
L-3	2ND FLOOR MECH. RM. 208	RELIEF FOR AHU-2	1.46	750	1095	BIRD SCREEN, MOTOR OPERATED DAMPER	INTERLOCK W/ AHU-2

T. & P. RELIEF VALVE SCHEDULE								
SYMBOL	INLET SIZE INCHES (mm)	OUTLET SIZE INCHES (mm)	PRESS. SETTING PSIG (kPa)	TEMP. RELIEF °F (°C)	CONSTRUCTION	LOCATION	TEMP. WATER RATING BTUH (kW)	REMARKS
T&PRV-1	1 1/2" FEMALE	1 1/2" FEMALE	150	210°	BRONZE-BODY	MECH. RM 115	3,000,000	DOMESTIC WATER HEATER DWH-1

WATER HAMMER ARRESTER SCHEDULE				
SYMBOL	FIXTURE UNITS	MAX. FLUID TEMP. °F (°C)	CONNECTION PIPE SIZE INCHES (mm)	REMARKS
WHA-A	1 - 11	180°	1/2	LOCATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PDI WH 201 STD./PROVIDE ACCESS DOORS AS REQ'D.
WHA-B	12 - 32	180°	3/4	LOCATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PDI WH 201 STD./PROVIDE ACCESS DOORS AS REQ'D.
WHA-C	33 - 60	180°	1	LOCATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PDI WH 201 STD./PROVIDE ACCESS DOORS AS REQ'D.
WHA-D	61 - 113	180°	1 1/4	LOCATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PDI WH 201 STD./PROVIDE ACCESS DOORS AS REQ'D.
WHA-E	114 - 154	180°	1 1/2	LOCATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PDI WH 201 STD./PROVIDE ACCESS DOORS AS REQ'D.
WHA-F	155 - 330	180°	2	LOCATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PDI WH 201 STD./PROVIDE ACCESS DOORS AS REQ'D.

SAMPLE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT SCHEDULES

CONVERTOR SCHEDULE										
SYMBOL	LOCATION	SYSTEM	CAPACITY MBH (kW)	STEAM PRESS. PSIG (kPa)	FLOW RATE GPM (L/S)	EWT °F (°C)	LWT °F (°C)	MAX. WPD FT. HEAD (kPa)	MAX. WATER VELOCITY FT./S (M/S)	REMARKS
CV-1	TOILET RM 115	HEATING	32,000	150	585	130°	240°	10	7.25	

DOMESTIC HOT WATER TEMPERING VALVE SCHEDULE							
SYMBOL	LOCATION	HOT WATER TEMP. IN °F (°C)	HOT WATER TEMP. OUT °F (°C)	FLOW RATE OUT GPM (L/S)	MAX. PRESS. DROP PSIG (kPa)	MAX. OPERATING PRESS. PSIG (kPa)	REMARKS
TV-1	MECH. RM 105	140°	120°	25	10	125	

HEAT EXCHANGER SCHEDULE										
SYMBOL	CAPACITY MBH (kW)	HOT SIDE				COLD SIDE				REMARKS
		FLOW RATE GPM (L/S)	EWT °F (°C)	LWT °F (°C)	MAX. PRESS. DROP PSIG (kPa)	FLOW RATE GPM (L/S)	EWT °F (°C)	LWT °F (°C)	MAX. PRESS. DROP PSIG (kPa)	
HX-1	1071	27	240°	160°	5	108	150°	170°	5	PLATE & FRAME TYPE

HOOD SCHEDULE						
SYMBOL	HOOD TYPE	LOCATION	SERVES	MIN. THROAT AREA SQ. FEET (SQ. METERS)	MIN. INTAKE FREE AREA SQ. FEET (SQ. METERS)	REMARKS
HD-1	INTAKE	ROOF ABOVE RM 119	AHU-1	0.82	0.82	PROVIDE SLOPING ROOF CURB

SAMPLE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT SCHEDULES

CONDENSATE PUMPING UNIT SCHEDULE						
SYMBOL	TYPE	PUMP CAPACITY GPM (L/S)	DISCHARGE PRESSURE PSIG (kPa)	MIN. RECEIVER CAPACITY GALLONS (LITERS)	MOTOR HP (W)	REMARKS
CP-1	DUPLEX	0.006 EACH	2.4	75	1/3	

FAN COIL UNIT SCHEDULE		
SYMBOL	FCU-1	
SUPPLY FAN	LOCATION	RM 104
	TOTAL AIRFLOW (CFM (M ³ /S))	346
	O.A. (CFM (M ³ /S))	0
	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE IN. W.G. (Pa)	0.4
	FAN SPEED	HIGH
COOLING COIL	ENTERING AIR TEMPERATURE DB/WB (°F (°C))	76°/62°
	LEAVING AIR TEMPERATURE DB/WB (°F (°C))	58°/54.7°
	SENSIBLE LOAD (BTUH (kW))	6900
	TOTAL LOAD (BTUH (kW))	7400
	ENT./LVG. WATER TEMPERATURE °F (°C)	44°/56°
	WATER FLOW (GPM (L/S))	1.2
	MAX. WATER PRESSURE DROP FT. HEAD (M. HEAD)	10
HEATING COIL	ENTERING AIR TEMPERATURE DB (°F (°C))	67.5°
	TOTAL LOAD (BTUH (kW))	8600
	ENT./LVG. WATER TEMPERATURE °F (°C)	170°/150°
	WATER FLOW (GPM (L/S))	0.86
	MAX. WATER PRESSURE DROP FT. HEAD (M. HEAD)	10
FILTER TYPE		2" UNIT MOUNTED THROW AWAY
CABINET TYPE		VERTICAL
MAX. DIMENSIONS (LxWxH) (INCHES (mm))		20x28x36
REMARKS		

HUMIDIFIER SCHEDULE			
SYMBOL	AIR HANDLING UNIT SERVED	STEAM OUTPUT LB/HR (KG/HR)	REMARKS
H-1	AHU-1	30	

SAMPLE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT SCHEDULES

AIR HANDLING UNIT SCHEDULE		
SYMBOL		AHU-1
SUPPLY FAN	SERVICE	CLASSROOMS
	LOCATION	MECH. RM 115
	SYSTEM TYPE	2 DECK MULTIZONE UNIT
	TOTAL AIR VOLUME (CFM (M ³ /S))	2035
	O.A. (CFM (M ³ /S))	855
	TOTAL EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE IN. W.G. (Pa)	1.5
	REMARKS	HORIZONTAL BLOW THRU
COOLING COIL	TOTAL LOAD (MBH (kW))	141.6
	SENSIBLE LOAD (MBH (kW))	73.1
	ENTERING AIR TEMPERATURE DB/WB (°F (°C))	84.1°/72.3°
	LEAVING AIR TEMPERATURE DB/WB (°F (°C))	52.3°/50.7°
	ENT./LVG. WATER TEMPERATURE °F (°C)	44°/56°
	WATER FLOW (GPM (L/S))	23.6
	MAX. FACE VELOCITY FT./MIN. (M/S)	500
	MAX. WATER PRESSURE DROP FT. HEAD (M. HEAD)	10
HEATING COIL	TOTAL LOAD (MBH (kW))	93.9
	ENTERING AIR TEMPERATURE °F (°C)	52°
	LEAVING AIR TEMPERATURE °F (°C)	90°
	ENT./LVG. WATER TEMPERATURE °F (°C)	170°/150°
	WATER FLOW (GPM (L/S))	9.39
	MAX. FACE VELOCITY FT./MIN. (M/S)	500
	MAX. WATER PRESSURE DROP FT. HEAD (M. HEAD)	5
FILTER	PRE-FILTER TYPE	2 IN. ANGLED
	MAX. FACE VELOCITY FT./MIN. (M/S)	300
	MAX. PRESSURE DROP CLEAN IN. W.G. (Pa)	0.28
	EFFICIENCY	30%
	FINAL FILTER TYPE	12 IN. PLEATED
	MAX. FACE VELOCITY FT./MIN. (M/S)	500
	MAX. PRESSURE DROP CLEAN IN. W.G. (Pa)	0.5
	EFFICIENCY	80% - 85%
REMARKS		2 DECK W/ 3 ZONES

HVAC SYSTEM ALTERNATIVES

PROJECT:

LOCATION:

FY: _____ LI: _____ DATE:

A/E/:

MECHANICAL ENGINEER (A/E):

MECHANICAL ENGINEER (SAV. DIST.):

ALTERNATIVES.

SAVANNAH DISTRICT

CERTIFICATE FOR DESIGN OF MECHANICAL ROOM

BASE _____ FY - ____ CONTRACT NO.

PROJECT _____ L.I.

FIRM NAME _____ DATE

I certify that the mechanical room has sufficient space to accommodate, and service all mechanical equipment shown on the mechanical drawing(s).

Signature of Architect DATE

Signature of District Reviewer/Checker DATA